# MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

His Society of

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23, 1860. NUMBER 6.



## THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....H. H. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 23, 1860.


### Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

| Depart. | Arrive. | Mails Close. |
|---|---|---|
| 7:00 A. M. | 3:00 P. M. | 12:30 P. M. |
| MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA. | | |
| 7:45 A. M. | 12:35 P. M. | 5:10 P. M. |
| 6:35 P. M. | 8:30 P. M. | 9:00 P. M. |
| MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI. | | |
| 9:00 A. M. | 10:20 A. M. | 9:00 P. M. |
| 4:30 P. M. | 3:45 P. M. | 1:00 P. M. |
| MILWAUKEE & HORICON. | | |
| 7:30 A. M. | 9:25 A. M. | 9:00 P. M. |
| 1:35 P. M. | 2:35 P. M. | 12:30 P. M. |
| MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & RAMARGO VALLEY. | | |
| 4:00 P. M. | 1:15 P. M. | 3:30 P. M. |
| DETROIT & MILWAUKEE. | | |
| 8:00 A. M. | 2:30 A. M. | |

Except Sundays.
(Except Sunday) to all points. d(Except Saturday) to Horicon, Berlin, Kilbourn City, Fox Lakes, Fond du Lac and Oshkosh, only.
All points. Waukesha, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

STANDING UP FOR THE CRAFT.—Mr. EDWARD KEOGH, Member of Assembly from the Third Ward of this city, and a printer by trade, thus spoke during the debate, last week, on the newspaper resolution:

I can see no economy in the course pursued by a portion of the members of this House, with reference to printers. The time consumed here in useless discussion on printers and their bills, will, before the adjournment of the Legislature, cost the State more than will the number of newspapers asked for in the resolution. There seem to be gentlemen here who forget that to the printer they are indebted for much of their position in life; for, while they are quietly seated in their arm-chairs enjoying the fruits of his labor, he is toiling by day and by night, in a foetid atmosphere, to minister to their intellectual wants, regardless of inconvenience. If these conscientious gentlemen—these horror-stricken gentlemen—who become so much astounded at the prices paid the printer, were but to turn their attention to other departments of labor, they would, no doubt, find greater cause for complaint than they now do. I am as much in favor of retrenchment and reform in the affairs of our State as a any gentleman present, but while such is the case, I am not, by any means, in favor of commencing with the printer first. I believe it to be as essential to progress for the wants of the mind as for the body, for as I understand it, what affects the one has a corresponding effect upon the other. Retrench the number of superfluous clerks in and about your capitol—retrench your appropriations to so-called benevolent institutions—retrench your expenditures for account, and for the present, unnecessary State palaces, and having done this, and your taxes still continue to be a burden, retrench your appropriations for the dissemination of useful knowledge, and then, and not till then, will I be in favor of such economy. (Cries of "good, good.") Let it not be said that we will commence our legislative career by standing at gaunts and before its termination by another crusade.

We agree with Mr. KEOGH, in thinking that the Legislature had better "reform" in some other direction than in the matter of newspapers. The *Patriot* compliments Mr. KEOGH highly for his efforts in defence of the craft.

MORE RUM DOINGS IN PORTAGE COUNTY.—Our readers will recollect that a few days since we published an account of how a combination was formed in the town of Plover, against a school teacher—Mr. A. M. MAY, and an assault committed on his person, and he driven out of the place. We gathered the facts at the time from the Berlin City *Courant*, and they were so accredited. We have now received the following *intense* communication on the subject. We are at a loss whom to attribute the effusion to, as his modesty kept his name in the dark, but his evident desire to ventilate his *intalect* and "edification" prompts us to print it:

Stanton Portage Co Wis Jany 19 1860

mr Sentnel we find in your colums an article at some length headed Rummy of Plover it is small buisness for a paper with the subscriber that the Sentnel has in this Place to stoop to an artical of that Caractar the Pup A M May who set himself up as a teacher of our school who had neather intalect nor Edication altho he had a no of ides in his head But the ware on the *more Jersey* and it the thing may had applied a fine tooth comb he might have improved his comfort in a measure Please inform mr M that when he takes a *school* again to Be careful to not interduce the unwelcom visitor caled the each. if this is of eny use to you you are welcom to it one of you Patrons at Plover you will Probibly have a large list from this Place over the left.

We are not conversant with the circumstances, otherwise than as told by the Berlin *Courant*; but we incline to the belief, now, that there are cowardly ruffians in that vicinity, who, if their nativities had been properly cast, would be vegetating in Virginia instead of Wisconsin, where school teachers *are* brought to a realizing sense of their responsibility through the instrumentality of fists and cudgels. If we are mistaken, we should like to hear from some one in that vicinity who is not ashamed of his name.

BOSTON LIBERALITY.—Up to Friday last, the citizens of Boston, including the Suffolk Club, had contributed $13,000 to the sufferers by the Lawrence disaster. The total amount which will be contributed by Boston for the sufferers, will undoubtedly much exceed the sum named. There is scarcely a parallel to this prompt liberality on record, and we doubt if there is a city in the world of the same population where so large a sum could have been collected for a similar object in so short a time. But it is characteristic of the Boston people. They are always the first, most liberal, and most cheerful to respond to every appeal to their generosity and humanity.

SHERMAN EVERY TIME.—The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Atlas and Bee*, in speaking of the balloting for Speaker says: "I was amused with the story of one of the Western members, who is, by the way, one of the clearest headed and largest hearted men here. Said he, 'I declare to you I have got so used to shouting out 'John Sherman' when I am spoken to, that when the waiter asked me this morning what I would have for breakfast, I told him 'John Sherman!'"

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION.—The immigration into Canada during 1859 exhibits a material decrease when compared with the several preceding years. The following is a comparison of the last three years:

| | 1857. | 1858. | 1859. |
|---|---|---|---|
| England | 15,471 | 6,641 | 4,446 |
| Ireland | 2,016 | 1,226 | 585 |
| Scotland | 3,124 | 1,824 | 947 |
| Continent of Europe | 11,256 | 2,573 | 2,732 |
| Lower Provinces | 21 | 214 | ..... |
| | 32,907 | 12,910 | 8,718 |

AMERICAN ECCLESIASTICAL COLLEGE AT ROME.—A letter from Rome to the London *Times*, under date of Dec. 12, says: "The new Ecclesiastical College for North Americans was opened at Rome on the 7th inst.—It is a magnificent building, capable of lodging more than 100 pupils. Cardinal Bernabo, in his quality of Prefect of the Propaganda, inaugurated it with a speech, in which he gave a description of the moral and religious state of North America. He pointed out the advantages the United States would derive from the new college founded in the Eternal City by the munificence of the Sovereign Pontiff. Mr. Stockton, the American Minister to the Holy See, was present at the ceremony of the inauguration. Pius IX., having considered the increase of Catholicity in the United States, where there are already 50 Catholic dioceses, did not hesitate to expend 70,000 crowns on this institution. The Bishops in the United States have already sent 40,000 crowns to Rome to endow the college. The college of the Propaganda will consequently no longer receive pupils from the United States."

ACCIDENT AT GENEVA.—Quite an accident happened at Geneva on Monday of this week. While the stones of the Geneva Lake Mill were running at a rapid rate, the packing above one of them, consisting of plaster of Paris, which had become very hard, suddenly gave way and was thrown with tremendous force in every direction. The frame above the packing was completely riddled, and a piece of it struck Wells Warren, Esq., who was in the mill at the time, injuring him severely, though we believe not dangerously. No other person was injured.—*Elkhorn Independent.*

THE CRIME OF THE APPON AT ROME.—*Monitore di Bologna* publishes the following document, as illustrating the nature of the pontifical administration: "To his most Reverend Eminence the Cardinal Commissioner Extaordinary of Bologna—Most Rev. Eminence. Yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock, four cabineers, who were passing down the street called Majana, perceived a girl named Angela Capilloni, wearing an apron having the three colors of red, white and green. These soldiers almost immediately resolved to call at the residence of the said Angela Capilloni. They invited her to accompany them to this provincial police office. Immediately obeying the invitation given to her, she came to said office, where her said tri colored apron was taken away from her and placed under seal in the presence of two witnesses; after which she was removed to the political prison of the Rocca. Called up this morning to the political office for a judicial examination, and that she might explain how she came by the apron, she replied that she wore it without any malice or evil intention, that she had it for a year already, but only to please her own taste and to vary her dress; that she usually put it on as an ornament, and that nothing had ever been said to her about it.

The accused young girl is the daughter of Gabbilo Cappilloni, of Arcona, and Mary Buroli, a Piedmontese woman, both of whom, for the last seventeen years, had been living at Ravenna and Forli. Her parents have been living in this city these eight years, and and a few months ago her father was at Ravenna, in the service of Count Loretti.—The girl already mentioned is seventeen years old, and lives with her mother; one makes woolen slippers, and the other is a clear starcher. All this being explained, I have to beg your most reverend eminence to be pleased to inform me if we are to take correctional or political proceedings against the young Angela Capilloni, or if we are to hand over the case to the ordinary criminal Court? Happy in knowing the just determination of your most reverend eminence on this subject, I kiss your sacred purples, and declare myself with veneration your eminence's most humble, most devoted, and most obedient servant, L. Paolucci di Calboli Pro. Legate." I have answered that the matter is to be treated as a political crime.

Bologna, May 4, 18?3.

POETICAL BANK CASHIER.—The following we copy from the correspondent of the Cleveland *Herald*. The writer says:

I enclose you a copy of a letter written to the Cashier of the Troy City Bank, which explains itself, as also the answer received to the same.

If you think that Stow is not a poet,
Return the enclosed and let us know it.

MARQUETTE, Oct. 30th, 1859.

Cashier Troy City Bank.

Dear Sir:—A laboring man, whose name you will see on back of bill, handed this to us and requested us to send it to you to exchange, if you would. He had it in his hand and a puppy caught hold of it and tore off the balance and swallowed it. He is an honest man and would not misrepresent.—You will give him another in exchange or return the same to us.

Yours truly,
WETMORE & Co.

TROY CITY BANK, TROY, N. Y.,
November 9, 1859.

MESSRS. WETMORE & Co., Marquette—Dear Sir—Your favor of the 30th ult. is received with enclosure as stated. I return herein a sound note of $1 for the mutilated one of like amount.

The operation of your *puppy* should be curtailed, which compels me to address you in this *dog*-matical manner.

I am respectfully,
C. K. STOW, Cashier.

*To the man who owns the "Puppy"—My Dear Sir:*

I send herewith another bill,
And wish it, too, this Doo-ced;
But should your puppy ever dare
Another note of ours to tear,
I'll have his character assailed,
And what is worse have him curtailed
From running wild and playing pranks,
And eating notes of paying banks.

Your dog, it seems, and he is right,
Prefers our "Safety Fund" to bite;
And yet next time his mean'y jeers,
Ask him to eat his own "Red Dog."
I am, respectfully,
C. K. STOW, Cashier.

"NORTHERN AGGRESSION."—It is fashionable now to declaim about the aggressions of the North and the wrongs of the South. We are told that the South has compromised and yielded, and yielded and compromised, until she has nothing left and that she must now stand upon her constitutional rights. This is all very vague and inflammatory; but, it is, perhaps, not popular to suggest that there is more gas than reality in all these tirades. The South has had the President of the United States forty-eight years, whilst the North has had it but twenty-four; whilst the South has given a majority of her votes for each one of the Northern men who have been elected, with two or three exceptions; the South has, in the meantime, had a controlling influence in Congress almost always.—There *is no policy of the Government that now exists for which the South is not herself responsible.* We ask these declaimers to name one measure of aggression, which they talk so much about, on the Federal statute book, for which the South is not as much responsible as the North? What particular act of aggression is complained of? Let it be specified and rectified. Is the South now dissatisfied with herself? She has had the power of the Federal Government, and if she is ill-used, she has herself to blame for it.—it is to be regretted that she can't be satisfied with her own acts.—*Louisville Democrat.*

A HARD USED WORD.—Worcester's new Dictionary gives the following passage in illustration of the amount of hard labor that is required of the convenient little verb *to get:*

I *got* on horseback within ten minutes after I *got* your letter. When I *got* to Canterbury I *got* a chaise for town; but *got* wet through before I *got* to Canterbury, and I have *got* such a cold that I shall not be able to *get* rid of it in a hurry. I *got* to the treasury about noon, but first of all I *got* shaved and dressed. I soon *got* into the secret of *getting* a memorial before the board, but I could not *get* an answer then; however, I *got* intelligence from the messenger that I should most likely *get* one the next morning. As soon as I *got* back to my inn, I *got* my supper, and *got* to bed. It was not long before I *got* to sleep. When I *got* up in the morning I *got* my breakfast, and then I *got* myself dressed, that I might *get* out in time to *get* an answer to my memorial. As soon as I *got* it, I *got* into the chaise, and *got* to Canterbury about three, and about three I *got* home. I have *got* nothing for you, and so adieu.

OUR COMMERCE WITH SOUTH AMERICA.—The New York chamber of commerce has taken up the subject of the commerce of the United States with Mexico and South America. This action was induced by the statement of important facts in a recent work on the subject, from which it appears, that England has more than one-half of the foreign commerce of Mexico, and that her proportion of the whole is nearly quadruple that of the United States with that country. It is further stated, that with the whole of South America, our trade is but $42,000,000, out of a total trade of $272,000,000, or only about one-sixth. With some of the South American countries our trade is scarcely worth the name; as, for instance, with Ecuador it is only $18,700 out of a total trade of $5,800,000, and with Bolivia only $51,000 out of $2,-700,000. With Paraguay, also, to which we lately gave so expensive attention, our trade is actually as yet without existence. Peru, out of a trade of nearly $26,000,000, does business to the amount of $1,000,000 with us. Of Chili's trade, upwards of $40,000,-000, we have only $4,000,000. The Argentine Republic and Uraguay stand in about the same proportion, and with Brazil, out of a total trade of $132,000,000, we have less than $20,000,000.

INDIANS.—As usual, at this season of the year, our town is filled with wild, painted, ferocious looking, but very inoffensive Menomonee Indians. There is John Brown John, Jim Brown Jim, little John, Jo John, big John, Squabby John, and a great many other Johns. Their camp is on the point, opposite the light house. They spend their days catching sturgeon and musk rats, and make the nights hideous with their drunken rows, whooping and yelping like mad pantlers.—*Menasha Conservator.*

PLUCK.—One of our fleetest city belles was out taking an "independent airing" the other morning, when in turning one of the corners of the Court House square, the sleigh struck the sidewalk, and was bottom side up in a trice. Our heroine, though pitched about promiscuously, kept a close hold to the reins, regained her feet, righted up the sleigh, and was off again in two minutes and a quarter—thanks to nobody!—*La Crosse Republican.*

## THE CITY.

### The Weekly Sentinel

Will be ready for delivery this morning. In it will be found the first instalment of "*Twenty Steps to one Woman's Heart*," an original tale; Essays on "Nudity" and "Education," by prominent contributors, Political and National Articles. An article on MACAULAY, Foreign Miscellany, Home Matters for the Week, Agricultural and Local News, and a full report of the doings at the State Capitol. The present number of the WEEKLY SENTINEL will compare favorably with any journal issued out of New York. It contains a greater amount of original matter than any other sheet in the State, and embodies everything of interest in the way of news that has transpired throughout the country during the past six days. The WEEKLY SENTINEL may be had at our counter in wrappers ready for mailing.

### Trade and Commerce of Milwaukee for 1859.

In our next issue we shall publish a full and carefully prepared review of the trade and commerce of Milwaukee for the year 1859, embracing a brief historical sketch of the growth of our city. The statistics which it contains have been obtained directly from the books of the Railroad companies and other reliable sources, and may therefore be depended upon as accurate. Those who desire extra copies to send away can be supplied at the *Sentinel* counting room. It is a capital document to send abroad, especially to people who labor under the delusion that Chicago is the only place in the West.

The above review will also be published in pamphlet form in the course of a few days for such as desire it in that shape.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.—All who have any business, whatever, with auction rooms or auctioneers, I will remind them that I am wide-awake and ready to attend to business entrusted to my care. Winter is passing away rapidly; Spring will be soon upon us, and we all will be full of business. There has not been a great many goods sold at auction for the last four months. In looking over my auction sales for the years 1856, '57 and '58, my sales of various dry goods, furniture, &c., &c., &c., was full 70 per cent. more than it has been for the 1859.

I mention the fact to show that our merchants both in city and country are in a better condition, and from all appearances the merchants are bettering their condition. We want more merchants in the dry goods line. We should have six heavy wholesale houses and six new retail houses more. Probably there is not such an opening to be found anywhere as Milwaukee now offers. A great trade can be drawn to our city if the stocks of goods will be increased. Money is easy in Milwaukee for all business purposes. Banks in our city all appear to be full of money for good punctual business paper.

Real Estate is moving off gradually, and altogether, we are in a healthy condition; some are grumbling, and that set of grumblers have been grumbling for the last ten or fifteen years, and they will grumble until they go to their graves.

My Auction Room is 146 East Water street; our Land Office is at the corner of East Water and Michigan streets; our Mr. S. M. ODEN is still in New York, and will remain there for some time to come. Any one having business with him or our firm will find him at No. 24 William street, *room* 16; or any one who has any business in New York in our line, such as disposing of mortgages, exchange of property &c., &c., will call at the office of ODDEN & WALL, Milwaukee, or on Mr. S. M. ODDEN, No. 24 William street, room 16, New York. CALEB WALL.

SOME PORK.—Messrs. JOHNSON & OLMSTED received last Thursday, from Janesville, a lot of fifty hogs, raised in Rock County, which were hard to beat. The heaviest was a porker that weighed 653 lbs, and was only eighteen months old, the next in weight scaled 480 lbs, and the lot averaged 275 lbs. They are all packed for the Boston market, and will, we think, give our friends of the "Modern Athens" a favorable opinion of Wisconsin pork. *Quere:* Did they pack and eat pork in Ancient Athens?

Messrs. PIXLEY & HARLOW, of Janesville, were the shippers of the lot.

UNDER THE HEAD OF "DISSOLUTION" will be found the announcement that J. J. MCGRATH, long and favorably known in this community, has retired from the paper hanging business. FAXON & VAUX, the new firm, will continue at the old stand, on Wisconsin St., and will—we have no doubt—sustain the reputation of the establishment, which, it is needless to say, is an enviable one in a business point.

FASHIONS FOR JANUARY.—Borders of walking dresses are fastened with button mushrooms.

Dinner dresses are very generally gathered in large plaits, trimmed with greens and noodles, set off with leg-of-mutton trimmings.

Bonnets are still worn off the head. We have seen several that were made of sarcenet and trimmed with a profusion of tomatoes, dandelions, green grapes, onions and celery. Cauliflowers are much worn in the hair.

A WISCONSIN PATENT.—A patent was issued last Tuesday, from the office at Washington, to T. C. RICHARDS, of this city, for an important improvement in "Blowers," whether for Church organs, blast furnaces, forges, or wherever blowers are required.—The patent is thought to be a valuable one.

COME DOWN.—PHIL. LAURENCE has come down—that is, his peices are reduced. When we speak of PHIL. LAURENCE, we refer to the bowling alley on Main street. His price is now six cents a string! Think of that, ye who roll! PHIL deserves patronage for his consideration of hard times; and being he keeps the only saloon of the kind in town, we apprehend he *will* be patronized.

HORACE GREELEY LECTURES to-night before the Young Men's Association, at Albany Hall. His subject is *Central and Western North America.* He is well qualified to treat of the subject thoroughly, and we bespeak him a large audience.

ELK.—CHARLES NUNKWITZ, at his butcher shop on Main street, opposite Tenny's block, has for sale four splendid elk, killed last week in Eau Claire Co. The four together weighed upwards of eleven hundred pounds.

HORACE GREELEY.—The Secretary of the Young Men's Association received a telegram from Madison, on Saturday night, stating that HORACE GREELEY had left there on his way for Milwaukee, in the morning. This guarantees that no one who goes to the Albany to-night, will be disappointed.

☞ CALEB WALL has a sale of dry goods, groceries, &c., &c., on Wednesday next.—Read his advertisement.

THE SOIREE of the Montgomery Guards comes off to-night at Armory Hall, Spring Street.

☞ TO MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Gravesville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE Editor and Proprietor. aug10d18tf

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—"Reminiscences of Rufus Choate," by Edward G. Parker; "All the Year Round" for January; "Irvingiana;" a memorial of Washington Irving; "Impending Crisis of the South;" "Waverly Magazine" in monthly parts, for February; "Harper's Magazine" for February; "Godey's Magazine" for February; "Nick Nax" for February; "Illustrated London *News*," Dec. 31st. The latest periodicals are constantly on haud at

oct27i858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO.

TAXES, TAXES, HURRY UP YOUR TAXES.—SAM'L I. BRIDGE, under Newhall House, Michigan street, will pay Taxes for a few days yet, at a liberal discount City and County Orders for sale. jan16j221d1w

### NOTICE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MILWAUKEE, Jan. 19, 1860.

THE ANNUAL REPORT of the Trade and Commerce of Milwaukee, for the year 1859, will be out in a few days. It will be fuller and more complete than any report yet issued, and will also contain all the important proceedings of the Chamber, together with a list of officers and members as they stand for the current year.

L. L. CROUNSE, Secretary.
Jan21d2t


EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

SAMUEL I. BRIDGE,
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In the best Companies, at the lowest rates.

SAML. I. BRIDGE,
Office of Merchants' & Traders' Ins. Co., Michigan street, under Newhall House. mo10i266d1ltsepp

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
*Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.*
CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14i265d1f-1sepp A. WELLER' Agent.

IF ANY OF OUR READERS want good dry lumber they will find it at the Saginaw Lumber Yard of MARSETT & BROWN. They keep a large stock of all lengths, common boards, siding, and clear lumber, two years old, and have the largest stock of shingles to be found in Milwaukee, all of which they sell as cheap as any other yard in town. Try them once and you will again. dec24id1f.

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance SMITH & STONE, Publishers dtf

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my32d1y

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURnished, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Hudnut's Block. jan21


### MARRIED:

In Charlemont, Mass., Sunday, 10th inst., by Rev. SAMUEL JACKSON, R. P. HOUGHTON, of this city, to LUCY M., youngest daughter of ROBT. L. BISHOP, Esq., of Charlemont.


J. L. DAVIS,

178 East Water St., Milwaukee,

Has just added to his

Immense Stock of Dry Goods,

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES, &C.,

Which will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Call and examine the stock before making purchases. He charges nothing for showing. He has also just received a

Large Stock

—OF—

Silks, Dress Goods, &c., &c.,

From the closing out Auction Sales in New York, which he is selling at about half their value. He having secured one of the

BEST CLOAK MAKERS

In the City of New York; is prepared to offer a large stock of the most fashionable styles.

HE TOOK THE PREMIUM ON CLOAKS

AT THE

LATE STATE FAIR.

Call and See his Stock.

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FIRST CLASS FULL POWERED CLYDE built steamers in connection with the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY of Canada, will every Saturday from Portland, carrying the United States and Canada Mails and passengers.

HUNGARIAN, Capt. JONES.
BOHEMIAN, Capt. M. MASTER.
NORTH BRITAIN, Capt. ORANGE.
ANGLO SAXON, Capt. BALLANTINE.
New Ship, (Building).
NORTH AMERICAN, Capt. AITON.
CANADIAN, (new).
New ship, (Building).

Quickest, Cheapest and most comfortable sea passage.

Fare from Chicago or Milwaukee to Queenstown (Cork) or Liverpool:

First Class, according to position of berth $92 and $100
Steerage found with every provision..... $45
Return Tickets, *First Class*, good for 6 months.....$180 and $200
Steerage.....$85 and $95

Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, by the steamers or sailing vessels, at very reduced rates.

For freights or passage apply to the Company's General Agents, J. & R. Scott, 10 Water street, Liverpool, Cork and Dublin, and 23 Broadway, New York, James Warren, Grand Trunk Railway office, 74 Dearborn street, Chicago, or to

WM. GRAHAM,
Detroit & Milwaukee R. R.

DRY LUMBER.
Mabbett & Breed are Selling Out!
AND OFFER TO SELL DRY LUMBER AS CHEAP AS OTHERS SELL GREEN. They Also Load it in the Cars Free of Expense
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320 ACRES OF CHOICE FARMING LAND near the village of Galesville, Trempeleau county, 10 miles from the town of Minnesville, on the Mississippi and 24 miles from La Crosse, will be sold very low for cash or traded for city property, stocks, mortgages or good, on advantageous terms.
Address Land Box, 704, Milwaukee.
jan18d3w*

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS, FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.


### Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, Jan. 21—8 P. M.

ASSEMBLY.—The Assembly met at 10 o'clock A. M. A large number of the members were absent, and a number of others asked and obtained leave of absence.

Petitions, Remonstrances, &c.—From S. B. Wright, against the reduction of the rates of legal advertising; petition of S. Humann and others, in relation to the taxes in Beloit; to abolish the supervisor system of county government.

Resolutions, &c.—To amend the Constitution so that the Legislature shall meet once in two years; to inquire into the condition of the Lunatic Asylum; to print the Governor's Message in the different languages, laid over; to obtain a printed opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of Knowlton vs. Rock Co., relating to exemption from assessments. A postage stamp debate ensued between Messrs. Howland & Goodwin.

Bills Introduced.—In relation to a foreign emigrant agency; concerning the time of holding courts in the 4th Judicial District; to amend section 28, chapter 13, of the Revised Statutes.

The House went into committee of the whole on the general file.

Bills Passed.—To authorize the Green Bay Bank to reduce its capital, and change its location; to amend the laws in relation to the publication of legal notices; to lay out a State road from Eau Claire to Menomonee; to amend section 33 of chapter 133 in relation to costs and fees; concerning the change of venue in Justices Courts.

Several appropriation bills were passed.

Adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Horace Greeley visited the Assembly chamber this morning.

SENATE.—Bills Introduced—By Senator Decker, to incorporate Queen City Gas Light Company; By Senator Curtis, to amend the act to prevent the sale of nurips cranberries. Passed.

To authorize the members and officers of the Legislature to take newspapers.

Resolutions—The resolution of Senator Rodolf, of yesterday, in reference to printing the communication of Rev. Dr. Norris, was taken up, and on motion of Senator Virgin laid on the table.

Petitions.—Petitions were presented by Senators Worthington, Hutchinson and Davis, in reference to the rates of legal advertising.

The Senate then went into a Committee of the Whole on the Assessment Bill, and after some time spent therein, rose and reported progress; and the Senate then adjourned to 3 p. m. on Monday.

A large number of members, of both Houses, left for home on the 1 o'clock train.

### Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21—3 P. M.

The resolution introduced to the Legislature, recommending that a convention of the Southern States be held at Atlanta, Ga., was ordered to be printed. Mr. Chatlene, commissioner from Connecticut, to represent the Indians of the conservative people of that State, is now here, but his message has not yet been communicated.

### Hon. Samuel B. Ruggles Ill.

LOCKPORT, Jan. 21.

Hon. Samuel B. Ruggles has been, and still continues seriously ill, with an attack of the lungs, at the residence of Gov. Hunt.

## LATEST NEWS!

### BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

### Later from California.

MALLOY'S STATION, Jan. 21—9 P. M.

The overland mail with San Francisco dates to noon of the 30th passed here this P. M.

Politicians had begun to gather at Sacramento in large numbers preparatory to the meeting of the Legislature on the 2d of January.

Gov. Weller's last message will be delivered on the 3d. Mr. Latham, Governor elect, will not be inaugurated till the 8th or 9th.

Gov. Weller and Gen. Denver are an doubtedly the leading candidates for United States Senatorship.

A fire at Polker's Flat, in Sierra Co., on the 21st, destroyed $20,000 worth of property.

Accounts from Carson Valley represent snow from three to five inches deep. Mining operations were suspended.

Two young men who went from Sacramento to hunt in the vicinity of Humboldt Bay, had been murdered by the Indians. A party of Humboldt people attacked the Indians, killing fourteen. The accounts from the Semilkmeen mines continued encouraging. A bill had been presented in the Washington Territorial Legislature to organize the islands between the Canal Dehara and Straits of Rasero, as Harney county. This is the disputed territory claimed by England and the U. S. The British Government has ordered its men of waraway from San Juan Island, and abandoned the disputed territory until the two governments settle the title.

### St. Louis, Jan. 21—9 P. M.

Joseph Hyman, of the firm of Hyman & Gunn, Commission Merchants of this city, was arrested yesterday, charged with obtaining under false pretences money and goods to the extent of $10,000.

### Boston, Jan. 21—9 P. M.

In the Superior Court this morning Charles H. Govaskine, for manslaughter in killing Harreeh Freeborn, was sentenced to 15 months imprisonment.

ALCOHOL AGAIN TRIUMPHANT.—The coroner was called yesterday morning to hold an inquest on the body of one John Dorrigan, who died the night preceding, in a shanty in the rear of 88 West Van Buren street, occupied by Edward Miles. The evidence showed that the deceased was out late in the evening, and came in drunk. He sat down by the fire, but fell on the chair, and was put *into the same bed* with Miles, his wife and two children. In the morning they awoke and found that they had been *sleeping with a corpse.* The same family, it will be remembered, slept in a similar manner with the woman Bridget Devereux, who was frozen to death on the night of January 1st. The evidence also showed that Dorrigan was drunk Thursday morning, that he drank several times during the day, and that he drank a pint of liquor during the evening.—In his pockets were a quarter of a dollar and orders on the Illinois Central railway for two months wages for services at Freeport. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.—*Chicago Times.*

REMARKABLE TERMINATION TO THE CHICAGO SICKLES AFFAIR.—KAUFKOLZ RUNS AWAY WITH MRS. WILLIAMS.—Our readers are already familiar with the features of an affair occurring not long since on the West Side, where an enraged and outraged husband named Williams, a young German, attempted to avenge himself *a la* Sickles, by shooting Kauf kolz. The latter received a severe wound, and, but for the brave defence made by his dog, would have been killed.—Williams made a straight rush to the jail, and demanded to be committed, saying it was "a Sickles case." He evidently believed and openly expressed his wish that Kauf kolz would die. The latter, however, didn't die, but "on the contrary, quite the reverse," for he sent for Mrs. Williams, and while the husband was cooling his rage in jail and awaiting for death to avenge his wrongs, Kauf kolz was enjoying the society of the frail and fickle dame, under which treatment he recovered so fast that on Thursday the guilty couple packed up their traps, with everything of Williams' that they could lay their hands on, sent to him in his cell a letter of farewell, cool as a chunk of Nova Zembia ice, and while the poor fellow raved himself painfully frantic at this fresh phase in the affair, they were off for parts unknown.—*Chicago Times.*

OCONTO ITEMS.—CHILD BURNT TO DEATH.—We learn that a child, four years old, belonging to a family by the name of Chipman, residing at Little River, was burnt to death on Friday of last week. The mother had left the child in the house while she visited a neighbor's for a short time, and on returning home, found that it had endeavored to make a fire, when its clothes caught, burning it to death.—*Oconto Pioneer.*

THE TIMBER and material for the Bridge which is to be built across the Oconto River, near N. Redman's, are all on the ground and will be put together under the able direction of Mr. Joseph French, whose qualifications as a good mechanic are well known.

THE SUIT of the Town of Oconto vs. the County of Oconto, after four days examination of witnesses, was, on Monday last, settled by stipulation, at $750—the amount claimed, $1,134. J. F. Loy pl'ff's attorney, J. J. McClellan, def't's attorney.

SUPREME COURT, JAN. 19th.—State vs. Atwood. Submitted for appellee by Gillett, on case and briefs.

Matteson vs. Curtis. Argument commenced by J. E. Arnold for appellant and Gillett & Conkling for respondent—not completed.

Friday, Jan. 20—In the matter of the appeal of R. W. Lansing, &c. Motion for re instatement and re-hearing argued by Collins for appellant. Motion denied with costs.

Matteson vs. Curtis. Argument completed.

Fourth Circuit, No. 8—Root vs. Pinney, impleaded, &c. Submitted by Gillett & Conkling for appellant, and by Crane & Romals for respondent, on printed cases and briefs, with leave to respondent to file written argument.

BROKE JAIL.—Several prisoners confined in Juneau Jail broke open the door of their cell, on last Sunday night, five of whom took "leg bail;" the other two remained in by choice, preferring rather to face the fulminations of judgment, than the inclemency of the weather. They have all been brought back to a sense of folly and their old place of confinement.—*Horicon Argus, Jan. 20.*


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|---|---|---|---|---|
| To the person obtaining the greatest No., | | | $70 | Cash. |
| " | " | " 2d | " 40 | " |
| " | " | " 3d | " 20 | " |
| " | " | " 4th | " 15 | " |
| " | " | " 5th | " 10 | " |
| " | " | " 6th | " 5 | " |

The Premiums will be promptly paid at the specified time, according to the above offer, upon presentation of the sight Drafts of the successful competitors. Persons competing for the above Premiums must apprise us of the fact with their *first remittance*, otherwise they will not be considered as competitors for Premiums. The necessity of strictly observing this rule is obvious, from the fact that we shall replace competitors' names, and keep a list of the number of subscribers sent in from time to time by each.

☞ It is also understood that no EXTRA COPY will be given with Clubs sent in by those entered on our Premium List. Persons competing for Premiums can obtain subscribers for all Post Offices, at our Advertised Rates.

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With the new volume will be commenced in the WEEKLY SENTINEL an ENTIRELY ORIGINAL TALE, written expressly for this Paper. Therefore, subscribe at the first of the year, as back numbers are not always attainable.

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| One Year | $7 

# THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 23, 1860.


### REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention will be held at the Capitol, in Madison, on Wednesday, the 29th day of February, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., to choose four delegates from the State at large, and two from each Congressional District, to represent the State of Wisconsin in the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 16th of next June, to nominate two candidates for presidential electors for the State at large; to adopt such action as may be deemed advisable in view of the approaching election of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State; and for the transaction of such other business as may be thought calculated to advance the interests of the party and promote the success of its principles.

Each Assembly District of the State will be entitled to two delegates in such Convention, except where a district includes more than one County, when each county will be entitled to two delegates.

The committee would respectfully suggest that Assembly District Conventions to elect delegates to the State Convention be held as early as Saturday, the 18th day of February.

HORACE RUBLEE,
M. C. AGGERS,
J. W. STEWART,
E. W. KEYES,
C. F. SOLEERG,
HENRY COUSINS,
JAMES McKISSON,
BERNARD DOMSCHKE,
D. WORTHINGTON,
L. C. PAINE,
A. J. TURNER,
CHAS. G. PINNEY, Jr.,
CHARLES BILLINGHURST,
L. F. FRISBY,
A. E. BOVAY,
Republican State Central Com.

Dated: Madison, Dec. 29, 1859.

### Parties, Nullification and Treason in Congress.

The proceedings and debates in Congress, during the past week, develope very clearly the plans and purposes of the Pro-Slavery Democracy. In the House, the time has been wasted in idle, angry and unprofitable discussion, and in persistent efforts, on the part of the Democratic minority, to prevent any organization. On Thursday, Mr. COLFAX, of Indiana, brought to light the fact, that some of the ultra Southern members had united in a pledge to stave off, by every means in their power, a vote on the plurality rule. This, under the circumstances, is simply a pledge to resist an organization, at all hazards, and is purely factious. On Friday, the *pretence* upon which the opposition to Mr. SHERMAN is based, was shown to be a false one.

It is conceded on all hands, as our readers know, that Mr. SHERMAN is admirably qualified, in point of ability, experience, temper and address, for the Speaker's chair. The sole objection urged against him is, that he "endorsed" the sentiments of HELPER'S now famous book on "the impending crisis in the South." The men who make this objection *know* that it is wholly without foundation. All that Mr. SHERMAN did was to recommend the circulation of a compendium of the work, embodying the statistical and economical argument in favor of FREE, as against SLAVE LABOR. And even this he did without any any knowledge of the contents, but at the request of a trusted political friend. "But," say the cavillers, "if this be so, why does not Mr. SHERMAN come out and disclaim the obnoxious sentiments of the book?"—"Withdraw your CLARK resolution," replies Mr. SHERMAN, "and I will frankly state my views as to every sentiment expressed and every argument used by HELPER; but while that resolution is held up as a threat over the Republicans, I will disclaim nothing."

How do the factionists meet this fair and manly proposition? Read the following extract from the proceedings of Saturday:

Mr. Sherman asked Mr. Clark whether he would withdraw his resolution, in order to give him an opportunity to explain.

Mr. Clark would tell the gent that he had had two opportunities, but failed to avail himself of them.

Mr. Sherman replied that opportunity had never been offered him, and to help him God willing the resolution was pending; he would never explain a single word as to extracts in Helper's book. (Applause from the Republicans).

Mr. Clark said he would never withdraw his resolution. The gentlemen's day of grace had passed.

Of course Mr. CLARK refused to withdraw his bullying and insulting resolve, because he *dared not give* Mr. SHERMAN an opportunity to explain, and he knew that his self-respect would keep him silent, so long as the resolution was pending. Is not the Democratic game clearly exposed by this incident?

In the SENATE, the chief event of the week was the confirmation of Mr. C. J. FAULKNER as Minister to France. He is the man who recently declared, in a public speech, that the election of a Republican President by the People of the United States would be sufficient cause for an immediate dissolution of the Union, and would justify the Governor of Virginia in seizing upon the Harper's Ferry Arsenal, marching to Washington and offering armed resistance to the Federal Government. For these traitorous sentiments Mr. FAULKNER richly deserved a *halter*. Instead of that, he is rewarded, for their public avowal, by a first-class Diplomatic mission under the very Government, to which he is, at heart, *a traitor*. And this reward is conferred upon him by a Democratic President and a Democratic Senate, speaking and acting for a political organization which claims to be the only "National" party in the country, and the exclusive friends of the Constitution and Union! How much longer will the People of the United States continue to be imposed upon by these mouthing demagogues and political mountebanks? Is it not high time that the destinies of the Republic were committed to the care of wise, patriotic, conservative and Union-loving statesmen?

THE CRANGALE OUTRAGE IN GEORGIA.—The N. Y. *Tablet*, the Catholic organ, concludes a long article upon the CRANGALE outrage in Georgia, with the following protest against the doings of those Southern "Vigilance Committees:"

But what concerns the public much more than the alleged conspiracy, is the fact that in any portion of the Union, men who never even dreamed of being Abolitionists, may be arrested without legal process, by lawless men, self-constituted into so-called "Vigilance Committees," and, if not hung on the nearest post, robbed, imprisoned, fined, tarred and feathered. Mr. Crangale never meddled in any way whatever, by act or speech, with the peculiar institution. We have ever denounced these "Vigilance Committees," and now are again denounce them as a disgrace to our civilization and an outrage upon our institutions.

It is, by the way, "instructive to remark" that the Sham-Democratic organs of the North have not a word to say in condemnation of the CRANGALE outrage. Irishman, Catholic and Democrat though he was, their sympathies for him are nought compared with the superior interest of SLAVERY. Had CRANGALE been tarred, feathered and driven from the State by a mob of Northern Know-Nothings or "Black Republicans," the whole Democratic press would have been vocal with indignation. But as he suffered this treatment at the hands of Southern Pro-Slavery Democrats, by way of giving him a realizing sense of the blessings and benefits of Slavery, the Doughface organs at the North are silent as the grave!

SENATOR SEWARD AND MR. SHERMAN.—The telegraph, a few days since, reported an anonimous authority, that Senator SEWARD had advised the withdrawal of Mr. SHERMAN, and the substitution of Mr. CORWIN, or Mr. PENNINGTON, as the Republican candidate for Speaker. The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal* thus disposes of the "weak invention:"

No one credits the idle tale that Governor Seward is in favor of having some one substituted for Mr Sherman. Both gentlemen were present at a large dinner party given on Wednesday last by Hon. Charles Francis Adams, and I am informed that the Governor expressed himself in strong terms in favor of a continuance of the candidate.

POSTAGE ON MUSIC.—It is stated officially in the *Constitution*, that the proper mode of rating music with postage is by the piece, without regard to the number of sheets in a piece—one cent for each piece, not exceeding three ounces in weight. When a piece exceeds three ounces in weight one cent should be charged for the first three ounces and one cent additional for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce. On the same principle packs of playing cards are rated by the pack, and not by the single card.

THE AGITATION AND BUSINESS.—Reports have been industriously circulated by the Democratic papers, that the present agitation and threatened non-intercourse between the different sections of the country have already produced a serious effect upon business at the North. Business is undoubtedly in a most unsatisfactory condition, but the causes of depression are much too plainly visible to be confounded with political influences, except by those who wish to mislead. The New York *Evening Post* has inquired into the condition of the New York hotels, which had been said to be suffering severely. The result is that in general the hotels are as well filled as they were last year at this time, while the great Fifth Avenue Hotel, which has been in operation for only a few months, is filled as well as could be expected. The greater part of the hotels have even more business this year than last, only one or two showing any diminution in receipts. Among these the Metropolitan complains that its receipts in December, 1859, which were $29,596.14, show a falling off of $63.46. $31.73 of this loss the proprietors attribute to the JOHN BROWN excitement, and $31.73 to the opening of the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

THE DEMOCRATIC FACTIONISTS IN CONGRESS.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American*, a conservative paper, says: "As things now stand, there is no immediate exit from the deadlock in the House. A large and ultra faction on the Democratic side openly proclaim not only their indifference for an organization, but rather they desire to prevent it. They are brawling disunionists, who denounce the whole North as a section without regard to party, and who, like Mr. IVERSON, and men of his school, consider the doctrines advocated by Judge DOUGLAS as infinately worse than those of the Republicans. They have but one idea of politics, which Mr. BOCK, of Alabama, frankly presented and commended to the House, yesterday, to be a Southern confederacy, with homogeneous people and institutions."

GOOD.—The Rochester *Union*, an independent Democratic paper, speaking of the disunion threats of Democratic members of Congress, says:

The men who talk so flippantly of treasonable undertakings expect thus to frighten somebody into voting against the Black Republicans. But although the expedient has been in constant requisition for years, we have never yet heard of the first case of a man at the North abandoning that party or joining ours in consequence of these threats; and it is *at the North*, we believe that the Democracy stand in the greatest need of fresh recruits. Indeed, we would not if we could, have men leave the black Republican camp for our own simply because they are scared. We don't want soldiers who are cowardly or chicken-hearted. Like converts produced by sensation preaching, they would not wear well. We don't want them.

Of the ravings of the ultrasit further says:

The silly vaporings of the Singletons, Iversons and Bonhams have a decimating effect upon the Democracy throughout the entire region of country where the party must be *grossly misrepresented*, or a black Republican President is inevitable. These men would very well become a mad-house; they are badly out of place in our Legislature.

This is almost the only rebuke we have seen of the Disunion Democratic rant in Congress, from a Democratic source.

THE MUD SILL THEORY.—Senator HAMMOND'S famous theory about the mud-sills of society, so far as its low estimate of the position of Northern labor is concerned, finds support in the columns of the New York *Herald*. The following is the suggestive comparison which that paper founds on the recent calamity at Lawrence:

"And so, while the white slaves at Lawrence are mourning over their kith and kin, slain by their philanthropic masters, the black chattels of the South are ranking up with their holiday festivities. In the name of truth and common sense, which position, that of the cotton picker in Georgia, or the cotton weaver in Massachusetts, is the preferable one."

It is unnecessary to say that the New York *Herald*—well named "the Satanic"—is just now zealous for the Sham Democracy, and holds, with them, that SLAVERY is lawful, beneficent and right.

THE LAWRENCE CALAMITY.—The general result of the fearful calamity at Lawrence, seems very nearly to have been ascertained, and the sum total of the killed, injured and missing, is a most painful result to contemplate. The Boston *Journal* gives the following as the extent, so far as has been ascertained, of the effects of the accident:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dead | 117 |
| Injured severely | 119 |
| Injured slightly | 290 |
| Missing | 59 |
| Total | 525 |

The *Journal* thinks that but few more bodies will be found in the ruins, and that the remainder of the missing will be accounted for by those who are said to have gone to their homes immediately after the accident, without giving any account of themselves to the authorities. According to the above figures, and the most reliable statements as to the number of persons in the mill at the time of the accident, less than three hundred persons escaped uninjured.

PHYSICAL CULTURE FOR WOMEN.—They say that some of the young ladies in Cambridge, Mass., are learning of a fencing master, or more properly speaking, of a fencing mistress. This is certainly too bad. It is depriving us of one of our prerogatives.—Where is chivalry to find a field if there are to be no unprotected fair ones? What is to become of all the ivy, if the women are all to be the oaks? Can't people see that a very pretty figure is in danger? We anticipate the result. We are about to become a poor, weak and oppressed sex. In place of Candle lectures, we shall now have challenges. Instead of duels *a la* outrance, a pair of pistols and a rapier will form part of the bridal outfit. Think of your Amelia hitting the bull's eye with a pistol at thirty paces. Think of a bowie knife or a revolver dropping out of your fair partner's bosom during a waltz. Can anything be more dreadful?

GARIBALDI'S MUSKET FUND.—The method adopted for securing a general contribution to the fund for procuring muskets for the Italian cause is very simple and ingenious. Circulating notes of various denominations, for small sums, are given to the contributors, and the person first receiving a quantity of them having paid the sum represented by them to the musket fund reimburses himself as far as he thinks best, by passing the notes to others who are willing to take them and thus aids in the contribution. This method is so effectual that, notwithstanding the vigilance of the Neapolitan police, the notes are believed to have already made their appearance in that kingdom, much to the discomfiture of the government. Besides securing a general contribution, where this might otherwise be impossible, the notes also serve to awaken a general interest in the subject and to excite military enthusiasm throughout the whole mass of the population.

RHUBARB WINE.—Mr. B. P. CAHOON, of Kenosha, widely known for growing the mammoth pie-plant, has been the means of bringing the manufacture of rhubarb wine into general notice. A few months since he sent a quantity of his wine to J. R. WILSON, of Washington City, a scientific gentleman largely engaged in the business of horticulture. Mr. WILSON speaks as follows in a letter acknowledging the receipt:

About four and twenty gentlemen, thus far, have tasted it; and, excepting one, there has been no doubt of its grape flavor, and that one liked the wine. All are highly gratified and surprised at the product—some said it resembled Sherry, some Sicily Madeira, some Tenerife. It is very important to me to be certified by your assurance, that the article sent me as Rhubarb Wine, is simply Rhubarb juice, water and sugar unmixed with any juice of the grape. It seems to the uninitated scarcely to be believed—hence I desire your statement of the fact.

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL OVER THE NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—The New York and Erie Railroad Company have just completed an arrangement with the New York and Liverpool steamers by which through bills of lading can be given from western points to Liverpool, via New York and Erie Railroad, and thence by steamer, covering all charges *en route*. Shippers can therefore avail themselves of the New York and Liverpool markets, as rates will be given through to Liverpool, with the privilege of selling in New York, if desired.

### Railroads and Stage Coaches—Politics by the Way.

*Correspondence of the Sentinel.*

APPLETON, Jan. 18, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Drifting into Oshkosh late last evening, the day's gap in the "chain of events" was welcomely filled by a number of the *Sentinel*. I see you have counted off your seventeenth birth-day anniversary—the paper we mean—and in spite of hard times, are "prosperous and happy." So may it be for twice seventeen years to come—a score of them we may as well wish while we are about it.

Some people do their cursing by steam—never riding upon a rail-car, without wishing a plague upon all railroads. We wish them a blessing instead. Were they all annihilated, and the travelling masses compelled to await the movements of the plodding hoof, these much-abused institutions would be thought of with regret. Here is "our road"—not much liked by you of Milwaukee—yet warmly welcomed by those who had long listened for the thunders of its coming. The "City of Fort Atkinson" (for so that goodly town is solemnly heralded by one of its papers,) is now annexed to the "rest of mankind," and its people enabled to run to the La Crosse with little trouble and expense.

It was once urged upon a carelessly dressed individual, that he raise the "junction" of his pants to a proper height, or let himself down further into the pants. We remembered the principle, this morning, while the stage-coach at Oshkosh was taking in its passengers, and would urge, in spite of the Governor's objection to special legislation, that stage-coaches be enlarged, or the crinoline enstralled. The coach was full, yet a woman stood by the open door and looked solemnly in upon the crowded mass. Carpet-bags, bonnet-boxes, things rolled in paper, shawls, etc., etc., were first stowed away under the seats, and then the owner coolly stormed the garrison. We applied a contracting power to every portion of the system, and awaited the show. Vast—mysterious—unknown—unsearchable, the floating amplitude of skirt, surging and swinging, and threatening to myself all things in its descent. Like a weary thing it finally slowly subsided, the dainty little bonnet perched on top, sinking with it, until we realized that there were more than the necessary number of ribs below the right shoulder, and that the airy phantom was not of such things as dreams are made of. Still more slowly did some substantial substance under the rustling canopy drop at every lull to a mooring on the seat until we felt that we were growing as thin as one of Larabee's speeches in Congress. But there was a dainty little phiz under the bonnet, whose mischievous lip and eye rippled with suppressed laughter, and we felt happy under our weight of woe.

While we were growing more beautifully less, the "irrepressible conflict" upon the "nigger question" went on between two of the passengers whose organs of speech were in good working order. The one was a Yankee, long-nosed, hatchet-faced, gaunt body, and eyes that sought to read everybody's name, destination and business. The other, a Senator of the State, intelligent, good tempered, and a most excellent tobacco chewer. The Senator's sophistry was orthodox, as per LARRABEE'S essay on the "Races." His logic was peculiar: Slavery was a curse to the slave, to the slave-holder, to the country; "yet, it is not a wrong," said he, "because the slave is better off in bondage than he would be free, for God has evidently ordained him to be a slave forever! The blacks in Africa enslave each other, and they are brought over here to be christianized. We are all slaves," said he, "to something or other. Some are slaves to an idea."

It occurred to us, that an idea would hardly enter the household and snatch women and children from the altar and sell them in different directions. Were it so, our Senatorial friend would be careful never to be troubled with ideas.

"The relation of master and slave," continued the Senator, "is the same as guardian and ward, with the difference that the guardianship continues to the end of life. Parents abuse children; but that is no argument against the institution of marriage. So with the master; he may abuse the slave, sell his own children, but that is no argument against the institution of Slavery—there are brutes everywhere."

But I must not report more of the Senator's logic. OUTAGAMIE.

### Trade between North and South.

The New York *Times* of Wednesday last, a paper independent in politics and certainly with no leaning towards the Republican party, makes a very satisfactory report of the condition of the Southern trade with New York. The reporters have made minute inquiries and insist that the Dry Goods Trade, Transportation Companies, &c., &c., are not suffering from the loss of Southern Trade, as stated in the *Herald*. A. T. STEWART thinks his business slightly exceeds that of last year.

"Mr. Bowen (Bowen, Holmes & Co.) thinks that the election of a Speaker in the House of Representatives, especially if the successful candidate were Mr. Sherman, would ease the money market and enliven trade. His agents, who have been traveling in all parts of the South, have, without a single exception, always been treated courteously. They are instructed, he says, to mind their own business and let politics alone.—They do it, and are unmolested; while the traveling clerks of some of the houses which are regarded, as Southern in principle have been tarred and feathered, and sent home because they did not pursue a similar course."

Wilson G. Hunt & Co., (woolen goods,) are already selling heavy bills of goods to Southern merchants. The jobbers from New Orleans, Charleston, Savannah and the other large cities on the other side of Mason & Dixon's line, are buying more largely from them than has been their wont in times past.

J. R. Jaffray & Sons, importers of laces, have received no intimation from their Southern customers of any estrangement growing out of the public excitement with regard to Slavery. Their business with the South is extensive, and has been for fifty years past.

J. & A. Petrie & Co., importers of silks, ribbons and trimmings, sell a great many goods to the jobbers of the large cities at the South. Mr. Petrie says it is too early in the season to make any comparisons between the transactions of the present year and the last. The representatives of the more extensive Southern houses are in town, and are looking about them with a view to making their purchases, but as yet no extensive sales have been made, though business is quite as brisk now as it was last year at this time.

Dexter, Lambert & Co., manufacturers of silk fringes and trimmings, have houses in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and at a low rent and exchange from all parts of the country. They have no anticipations of falling off in their Southern trade. Although they commenced yet, they have sold more goods to Southern merchants thus far the present year than they had sold up to this time last year.

The members of the firm of Charles Scott & Co., importers of embroideries and white goods, say their scattering trade with the South during the past season has been quite as large as it was during the same period in the year preceding, and the Southern merchants have been as prompt with their remittances as ever.

The head of the firm of Carter, Stewart & Co., dealers in fancy goods and "Yankee Notions," has just returned from the South.—He says he has visited all the principal cities at the South, and received many orders for goods, but was never once spoken to with regard to politics in connection with matters of business.

The steamship lines, South, and the express lines, South, are reported to be doing as good business as usual.

DON'T GO SOUTH.—Hugh Hastings, of the Albany *Knickerbocker*, who has the blood of the O'Flaherty's in his veins, gets off the following:

The South is no place for Irishmen. Patrick has no taste for "nagers," and Southerners have no love for men who hate human servitude. Two Irishmen have just returned from the land of chivalry and niggers, each carrying the marks of thirty-nine lashes on their backs, covered with a coat of tar and feathers, for having expressed opinions against slavery. The following advice from Bridget O'Flagherty, we trust, will be heeded by every son of Erin:

Arrah, Paddy, me jewel, don't go to the South,
For an Irishman there dare not open his mouth;
If a word about nagers he'd happen to say,
They would lynch him at once, without any delay.

If he lacks for a coat, they'd no; let him go far
Unless giving him one made of feathers and tar;
And they'd give him still more without thinking it wrong
Such as thirty-nine lashes to help him along.

You may talk of this country, the land of the free,
But such freedom as that don't exactly suit me;
And sooner much longer this way to remain,
I would rather go back to cold Ireland again.


## THE MINISTER'S WOOING!

BY

**Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.**

JUST ADDED TO THE LIBRARY OF the *Young Men's Association*. Rooms next north of the Newhall, up stairs.

☞ Additions frequently made. Initiation $1. Dues, half-yearly $1. Catalogue and two supplements, 25 cents. jan23

CITRON—LEGHORN EXTRA, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, jan21 138 East Water st.

## Auction Sales.

### Great Auction Sale
—OF—
### CLOTHING
AND
### GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

The subscriber will sell at auction his large stock of

### Ready-Made Clothing!
AND FURNISHING GOODS,
NOW IN STORE
NO. 196 EAST WATER STREET.

The Stock will be put into job lots and sold to the highest bidder for

### CASH!

The Stock is nearly new, comprising a complete assortment usually found in a

### Clothing Store.

Sale to commence on Friday at 10 A. M.
CALEB WALL, Auctioneer.
dec21

**CITY AUCTION ROOM,**

NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual price; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sept1

**WILLIAMS & RODWAY,**

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, at their Sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.

D. WILLIAMS, W. H. RODWAY.

Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18eod3m

## Wants.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INterest of a Temperance Restaurant already established, at a flourishing town, or Railroad Station in the State of Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1332 Milwaukee Post Office. jan23

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

ANY ONE IN OUR CITY WHO HAS Bonds and Mortgages to exchange for goods call at my store. CALEB WALL.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

WANT TO PURCHASE FROM TEN or fifteen thousand dollars worth of property in the city limits. Said property want to purchase by the acre. Apply to CALEB WALL.

**CARPENTERS, PILE DRIVERS, AND LABORERS.**

A NUMBER OF CARPENTERS, EXPERienced Pile Drivers and Laborers can find employment at the season, at the new Bronkwater of the Racine & Milwaukee Railway Co., at Grand Haven. Fare on the Co.'s boats half-price, and Fare advanced on account of work, if necessary.

jy19 1859&1860 HARRIS CHIDLEY, Contractor.

## For Sale or Rent.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, I will rent until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL.

**ALCOHOL STILLS FOR SALE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE two Copper Alcohol Stills, one with a capacity of 200 gallons per day, and the other 100 gallons. The former is in good repair and are all in complete working order.

They will be sold *very cheap for cash* or good approvable paper, and may be personally inspected if desirable. For further particulars terms, &c., apply to CHARLES COLBY, Company Shinplaster, 97 State street, Rochester, N. Y.

oct20d65d3m

## Paper Hangings, &c.

**PAPER HANGINGS!**

J. J. McGRATH & CO.,
21 Wisconsin Street,
ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE and well-selected Stock of
PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS,
WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,
selected expressly for the Fall Trade of 1859, which they are prepared to sell very low. Persons wishing anything in our line will do well to
Call and Examine our Stock and Prices
Before purchasing elsewhere.

**TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS**

We would say that we have the largest Stock in the State, and our prices will be such that will defy competition.

☞ All orders from the country by mails will be promptly filled.

P. O Box 1176. J. J. McGRATH,
jy25 1860dly N. FAXON

**COLLINGBOURNE'S**

# WALL PAPERS.

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES
Brushes, and Artist's Colors,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS
AND
PAPER HANGERS,
257 MAIN STREET - - - - - MILWAUKEE

**PROCLAMATION.**

SPECIAL ELECTION!!

A SPECIAL ELECTION IS HEREBY ordered to be held on Thursday, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1860, in the Eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, comprising the towns of Wauwatosa and Greenfield, in the vacancy occasioned by the death of Andrew Ehle, Member elect for said District. The term of office for which said election is to be held begins on the 1st Monday of January, A. D. 1860, and ends on the 1st Monday of January, A. D. 1861.

Seal. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State this 5th day of January, A. D. 1860.

By the Governor. ALEX. W. RANDALL.
L. P. HARVEY, Secretary of State.

STATE OF WISCONSIN } ss.
Milwaukee County }

An election will be held in the Eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County at the time and for the purpose above set forth.

A. G. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Milwaukee Co., Wis.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 9th, 1860. jan11 d30dlitf

**CITY LAND OFFICE.**

VALUABLE PROPERTY WILL BE exchanged for a good Farm. That new Brick House, "The Tripp House," corner of Chestnut and Fourth streets, Second Ward, lot 75 by 120. The building is four stories, with stores on first floor, and one contains sixty-five rooms. The said "Tripp House" is situated in center of business, on principal business street in Second Ward. Will exchange for above property for a good farm and residence of same will state where there are schools for children. Or will give a large lot five miles from market for a small farm and Stock. Mr. Phelps is at present keeping the House. This is a rare chance, and those desiring it, best attention the business requires, is the reason why he offers to make the exchange.

For further information call at Land Office, corner of East Water and Michigan streets.

OGDEN & WALL,
jan16jlt&tf Land Agents.

**FURNITURE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the entire interest of August Flertzheim and Geo. Geo. K. Kimball, in the Firm of

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

**Furniture and Upholstery**

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has been so liberally bestowed on the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally. WM. A. NOYES.

oct14eod3y

**POWDER AND SHOT.**

A. H. GARDNER & CO.,
NO. 17 WISCONSIN STREET,
Wholesale dealers in all kinds of
SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER,
SHOT, LEAD, PERCUSSION CAPS, AND
BUFFALO ROBES.
The highest price in cash paid for Shipping Furs.
AGENTS FOR WISCONSIN SHOT CO.

☞ Powder sent in Fire Proof Magazines, and delivered as at our store, to vessel, or railroad free of expense.
A. H. GARDNER. [aug16eod4ly] M. S. DODGE.

**MERCHANTS DESPATCH.**

American Express Com'y, Proprietors

WE DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENtion of the public to the fact that under our new organization we have made arrangements for the speedy delivery and safe and reliable transportation of freight all the way by Railroad for the West and North-West from Boston and New York in Cluster cars. Our Passenger Express Train, next in speed to the regular Express Company

Leave Express Forwarding Specially, and daily, per at the Depot, 121 Chambers street, New York, and Western R. R. Depot, Boston, Mass.

☞ Freight Forwarding Bills on the day of shipment at the New York office, No. 157, broadway; A. H. Livingston, Agent; and at the Boston office, 169, State Street, G. C. Kidder, Agent.

P. S. MARSH, Supt. Buffalo.

For settlement of claims for errors, damage, &c., on goods for Milwaukee, apply to G. C. Kidder, Agent, Office American Express Company, Corner of Main and Michigan street. jan16eod3m&sp

**JOHNSON & OLMSTED,**

Commission Merchants and Forwarders

ERIE STREET, MILWAUKEE.

**PIG IRON.**

150 TONS PIG IRON, JUST RECEIV ed, from Franklin Furnace, Clinton, Oneida Co., New York. For sale by JOHNSON & OLMSTED,
jan20d&eod1awlw Erie street, foot of Main.

**FILTERS! FILTERS! FILTERS!**

KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS just received and for sale at Blair & Persons new stand No. 156 East Water street. my13

## Groceries and Provisions.

**IMPORTED WINES & LIQUORS,**
AT WHOLESALE.

J. W. LEDYARD,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS.

OFFERS TO THE TRADE AND ALL who desire genuine articles, fine old Cognac Brandy, from vintage of 1812, '20, and '48, Medoc, Swan and Julip Gins, Old Scotch and Monongahela, Old Bourbon and Irish Whiskies; fine sherries, Ports and Madeiras. Champagne of the most favorite brands; Jamaica and St. Croix Rum; old Tom Gin, Schnapps, Bitters and Cordials of all kinds. Fine Havana Segars, &c., &c.

With unsurpassed facilities for obtaining PURE LIQUORS direct from FIRST HANDS, I am prepared to furnish GENUINE LIQUORS at LOWER PRICES than can be bought at any similar establishment in this city.

All goods sold to be warranted perfectly pure and free from ANY ADULTERATION WHATEVER.

Orders from the interior respectfully solicited, to which particular attention will be paid.

My stock of CHOICE BOTTLED LIQUORS comprises the largest and most varied assortment in this market.

London Porter and Scotch Ales always on hand.

Orders for Sand's Chicago and Milwaukee Ales promptly executed.

J. W. LEDYARD.
151 East Water street, Milwaukee.
jan14

**EDWARD TRUSLOW,**
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
**FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS,**
**CONFECTIONERY, &c.,**
119 East Water Street, Milwaukee,
oct20

**GROCERIES.**

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Sinclair & Gunnison, has removed into store No. 83 East Water street, where he will have constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Nails, Glass, White Lead, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low to cash, or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old concern, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. W. M. SINCLAIR.
Milwaukee, April 25th, 1859. ap26d&eod3m

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. J. ALLCOTT.
**ALLCOTT BROTHERS,**
**FAMILY GROCERS,**
22 Chestnut Street,
MILWAUKEE.
Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge.
dec15eod6dly

**L. T. CHASE & CO.,**
**SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,**
Wholesale & Retail,
Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASers:

Manilla Rope. (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope. (all sizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Bath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Sailing Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,
And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.
Augl6eod3dly.

**TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS**

5,000 YARDS CANVASS, ALL NUMbers, 22 to 41 inches wide in store and for sale cheap. dec3 L. T. CHASE & CO.

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by L. T. CHASE & CO.,
nov16 Corner East Water and Chicago St.

## Dry Goods.

A FRESH LOT OF

**Alexandre's White Kid Gloves,**

JUST RECEIVED THIS DAY AT

23 WISCONSIN ST.

dec29 L. BLAKE.

Mack Brothers' Column.

**SEASONABLE GOODS**

SEPTEMBER 27th, 1859.

**MACK BROTHERS**

INVITE THE INSPECTION OF PURchasers to their stock of

**DRY GOODS!**

Suited to the present season, which, in their experience of twelve years in this market, has not been surpassed, either as to

QUALITY,
QUANTITY,
VARIETY,
STYLE, OR
LOW COST!

Which seems to be the one thing desired with all buyers, in these days of wasting cheap, and increasing sales thereby.

MILWAUKEE SAVINGS' STORE,
181 EAST WATER STREET,
sept27eod1y MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**GREAT BARGAINS!**

MAY BE EXPECTED, AT

187 East Water Street,

AS THAT

**Immense Stock of Dry Goods!!**

MUST BE CLOSED OUT!

Without Respect to Cost!!

BY THE ASSIGNEE.

sp18d15d1f JOSEPH OARY, Assignee.

## Clothing.

CCIV.
**CLOTHING!**
GLOVES,
MITTS,
SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSE,
SCARFS,
MUFFLERS,
SUSPENDERS,
SOCKS,
TIES,
UNDERSHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CRAVATS,
STOCKS,
H. RUSSELL, 204 East Water street. nov12

**CITY CASH STORE.**

**Clothing at Wholesale and Retail.**

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTings. Tailors' Trimmings at very low prices for Cash.

JAMES A. SWAIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
193 East Water St., Martin's Block,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
sept1eodly

**OYSTERS!!**

C. S. MALTBY'S
Justly Celebrated Oysters!
IN CAN, KEG AND SHELL,

SO LONG AND FAVORABLY KNOWN in the western markets, are now being received daily at the old stand, 161 East Water Street, and are offered at wholesale or retail upon the most favorable terms and prices low enough to suit the times.

☞ Orders from city and country solicited and the best the market affords.

☞ Orders from city and country solicited and promptly filled.
sep10eod3dmo H. COOKE, Agent.

**NEW BOOKS**

ADDED TO THE LIBRARY OF THE YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION:—The Virginians, by Thackeray; Taylor's Greece and Russia, and Lands at Home and Abroad; Gold Foil, by Dr. Holland; At Home and Abroad; A Good Fight, by Life for a Life, Miss Mulock; A Good Fight, by Charlie Reade; Adventures of Mr. Verdant Green; Charlie Reade; Adventures of Mr. Verdant Green; Reminiscences of Rufus Choate; Reminiscences of French Abbotts; French Revolution; Encyclopedia Britannica, Vol. XVIII. New American Cyclopedia, Vol. VII; Gerald Fitzgerald, by Lever.

NOW IS THE TIME TO JOIN!

☞ Initiation $1; Half-Yearly dues $1.
☞ Rooms next North of the Newhall, 2d floor.
dec21

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

A GREAT CHANCE TO GET A STOCK of Books, Stationery, a few Dry Goods, Watches, Jewelry, &c., &c., by having it store about twenty-five hundred dollars worth of said goods, which the owner will exchange for a small house and lot in the city or a farm within three or four miles of the city. The Books are valuable and command the cash.
jan6 CALEB WALL.

## Books and Stationery.

NORTHWESTERN
# ALMANAC.
# 1860.

**Call and Get a Copy Gratis,**
—AT—
STRICKLAND & Co's. BOOKSTORE,
138 *East Water Street.*

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Calendar for all the months calculated for the meridian of Milwaukee.
Rail Road Time Tables.
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Banks and Bank Officers.
Insurance Agents.
Complete List of City Officers.
Names of Aldermen.
" Councilmen.
" Board of Supervisors.
" School Commissioners.
" Executive Committee.
Milwaukee County Officers.
Railroad Companies and Officers' names,
" Depots
List of Justices of the Peace.
" Federal Officers.
County Court and Circuit Court.
List of Churches with Pastors' names.
Business Cards of some of the leading Houses in the city in every branch of Business.

STRICKLAND & CO., Publishers,
dec8 138 East Water Street.

**THE THANKSGIVING DISCOURSE**
BY
REV. N. A. STAPLES,
ON THE
**"IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT,"**
Is published by
STRICKLAND & CO.,
And for sale at their Bookstore, 138 East Water st.
☞ Price, ten cents, dec20

# PAPER
# WARE HOUSE!
# REMOVAL.

WE HAVE REMOVED FROM OUR former place of business,

**No. 5 Albany Building,**

Michigan street, opposite Newhall House to our New Store:

**No. 1 Wisconsin Street,**

LUDINGTON'S BLOCK.

**East End of Spring Street Bridge,**

Where we shall be happy to wait upon all our old customers, and as many more as may find it for their interest to trade with us. Our stock consists in part of the following:

**Printers' Stock,**

Such as PRINTING,
BOOK, COLORED,
ASSORTED & COVER PAPERS.
Also every variety of
CAP AND FOLDED PLAIN PAPERS
BOND, MAP FOLIO, AND
FANCY GLAZED PAPER,
NEWS, BOOK, AND CARD INKS,

**Book Binders